

Green Chemistry and Green Seal

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Green Seal Mission

"Green Seal is an independent, non-profit organization that uses science-based standards and the power of the marketplace to create a more sustainable world."

Green Seal, Inc.

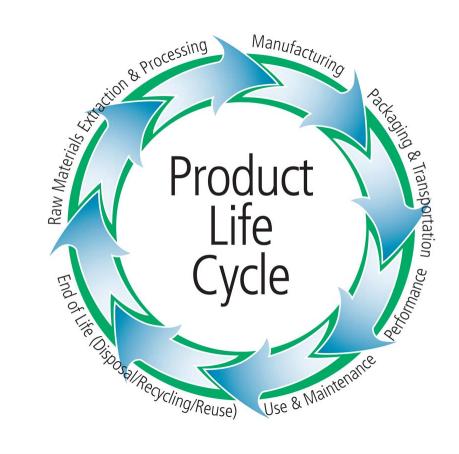
Leading US Type I Program

- -501 (c) (3) non-profit
- -20th anniversary
- -No financial interest in products and services
- 1.Set environmental leadership standards
- 2. Certify products and services
- 3. Assist with greening of governments and institutions
- 4. Educate purchasers



Type I Labels Incorporate Environmental and Health Considerations Throughout the Life Cycle of the Product

- Existing standards, laws, regulations
- Energy and material usage
- Air, water, land emissions and waste
- Ecological and human health impact



Principles of Green Seal Leadership Standards

- Objective
- Science-based
- Transparent
- Life cycle environmental and health considerations (multi-attribute)
- Include functional performance
- Compliant with regulations and legislation
- Peer reviewed
- Attainable for leadership products
- Economically feasible

Standard Development Process

- 1. Feasibility Assessment
- 2. Project Proposal
- 3. Project Initiation and Notification (PIN) and Scoping
- 4. Drafting
- 5. Proposed Standard
- 6. Final Review & Approval
- 7. Issued Standard



Green Seal Certification

- ✓ Rigorous science-based evaluation
- ✓ On-site inspections of manufacturing facilities and service locations
- ✓ Products evaluated without bias or conflict-of-interest
- ✓ Evaluation fees are fixed/flat, so no financial ties to the sales of certified products & services
- ✓ Includes review of materials (literature, labels, catalogs, website) for Federal Trade Commission (FTC) Environmental Marketing Guidelines
- ✓ Protect against "greenwashing" => GS registered trademark review for unsubstantiated environmental claims
- ✓ Certified products and services must participate in ongoing compliance monitoring (including on-site inspections) to remain certified

How standards can advance green chemistry

- -Explicit, meaningful and consistent criteria
- -Provides a goal to work towards
- -Eliminates potentially harmful chemicals from marketplace
- -Considers life cycle of product
- -Differentiation and recognition in marketplace
- -Promotes innovation and better design
- -Continuous improvement—ongoing monitoring and standard revision
- -Performance requirements
- -Packaging and labeling requirements
- -On-site manufacturing evaluation
- -Open stakeholder involvement for standard-development



Green Seal Standards

- Cleaning Product Standards
 - •GS-37 I&I Cleaners, GS-40 I&I Floor-Care Products, GS-41 I&I Hand Cleaners
- Paper Product Standards
 - •GS-1 Tissue Paper*, GS-9 Paper Towels*, GS-35 Food Service Packaging
- •Construction Materials and Equipment Standards
 - •GS-13 Windows, GS-5 Compact Fluorescent Lamps (CFLs)
- Coatings Standards
 - •GS-11 Paint and Coatings, GS-47 Stains and Finishes, GS-43 Recycled Content Latex Paint
- <u>Household Products Standards</u>
 - •GS-8 Household Cleaners, GS-44 Soaps, Cleansers and Shower Products
- •GS-42 Commercial Cleaning Service
- •GS-49 Residential Cleaning Service*
- •GS-33 Lodging Property Standard
- •GS-46 Restaurants and Food Service (ANSI-standard)







Who governs ecolabels?

International guidance:

- -ISO 14020 Environmental labels and declarations General principles
- -ISO 14024 Type I Environmental labeling Principles and procedures
- -Global Ecolabelling Network membership (*Green Seal is the* only US member of GEN, includes peer-review of program)



Who governs ecolabels?

National guidance:

- -American National Standards Institute (ANSI) (Green Seal is the only ANSI-accredited Type I ecolabel in North America)
- -EPA criteria for third-party certifiers
- -Consumers Union criteria for "What Makes a Good Ecolabel"
- -FTC Environmental Marketing Guidelines



The Global Ecolabelling Network (GEN) founded 1994, currently 26 member programs SWEDEN(SSNC), SWEDEN(TCO) NORDIC 5 COUNTRIES RUSSIA AMERICA GERMANY (Canada) UNITED CZECH REPUBLIC KINGDOM UKRAINE NORTH CROATIA **AMERICA** HONG KONG(GC) (U.S.A.) HONG KONG(HKFEP) KOREA WEN SEAL INDIA THAILAND BRAZIL AUSTRALIA OREA ECO. NEW ZEALAND



Credible 3rd-Party Ecolabels...

McGraw_Hill CONSTRUCTION

The McGraw-Hill SmartMarket Report (2008) identified 8 green product standards and certification programs as the primary market movers.

- Energy Star
- WaterSense
- Cradle to Cradle
- GreenGuard
- Green Seal
- GreenSpec Directory
- Forest Stewardship Council
- Sustainable Forestry Initiative



Table 2. Knowledge, Awareness of Green Building Product Standards, Certifications Among Industry Players (A/E Firms, Contractors, Owners)*

Program	Percent
ENERGY STAR	83%
GreenSpec	21%
FSC	21%
Green Seal	19%
SFI	18%
Cradle to Cradle	16%
GREENGUARD	14%
WaterSense	14%

* Adapted from MHC 2008a, page 33.



Referencing Green Seal

The media identifies credible 3rd-party ecolabels:

The New York Times



THE WALL STREET JOURNAL.

Los Angeles Times



The Washington Post

Reduced Greenhouse Gas Emissions of a BRONZE Certified Property

Energy = 345 tons GHG reduced annually

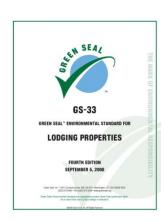
From just 50% replacement of lights, using occupancy sensors in 10% of facility, and implementing an effective preventive maintenance program for heating and cooling systems.

Water = 5.76 tons of GHG reduced annually

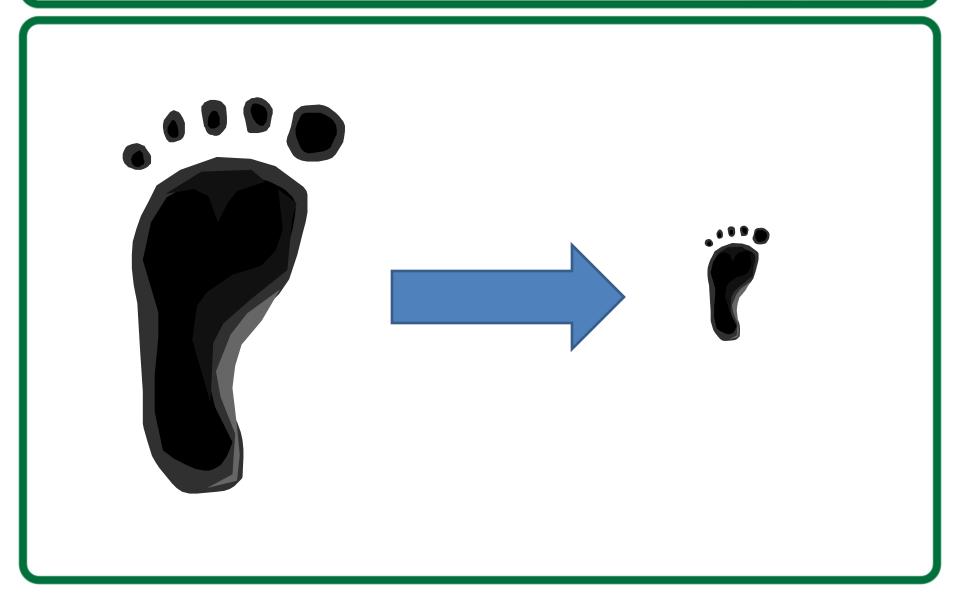
From replacing faucets and showerheads and beginning to replace toilets

Waste = 17.5 tons of GHG reduced annually

From just recycling paper, plastic, glass, and metal and double-sided copying









Thank you!!

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